

These are the corrections, updates and additional information for all the Revision modules.

Economy

1. Special Economic Zones (SEZ) (page 38)

- **Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT)** is levied on Special Economic Zones (SEZs).

Environment

1. Artificial Reefs (page 11)

- According to IUCN **dugong** is classified as Vulnerable and not endangered.

2. White Tiger (page 25)

- In 2016, **world's first White Tiger Sanctuary was inaugurated at Mukundpur, Madhya Pradesh** and not in Bandhavgarh.

3. One-Horned Rhinos (page 26)

- **Jaldapara National Park is in West Bengal** and not in Assam.

4. Mouse Deer (page 26)

- Mouse deer is classified as Least Concern according to IUCN.

5. Sunderbans Mangrove (page 34)

- **Indian part of Sunderbans is not yet recognized as a Ramsar site, it is only Sunderbans in Bangladesh recognized as a Ramsar site.**
- Recently West Bengal government gave its approval to the State Forest Department to apply for recognition under the Ramsar Convention.

6. Vermin (page 75)

- The Central Government may by notification, declare any wild animal other than those specified in Schedule I and part 11 of Schedule H of **Wildlife Protection Act 1972** to be vermin by listing it in **Schedule V**.

Government Schemes

1. Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat (page 9)

- The programme is implemented under **Ministry of Human Resource Development** and not under Ministry of Culture.

2. Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY) (page 10)

- The **maternity benefits** under Pradhan Mantri Matru Vandana Yojana (PMMVY) are available to all Pregnant Women & Lactating Mothers (PW&LM) except those in regular employment with the Central Government or State Government or Public Sector Undertaking or those who are in receipt of similar benefits under any law for the time being in force, **for first living child** of the family.
- **The objectives of the scheme are:**
 - Providing **partial compensation for the wage loss** in terms of cash incentives for the first living child; and

- The cash incentives provided would lead to **improved health seeking behaviour** amongst the Pregnant Women and Lactating Mothers.
- **Benefits:**
 - Cash incentive of **Rs 5000 in three instalments:**
 - First instalment of Rs 1000/ - on early registration of pregnancy,
 - Second instalment of Rs 2000/ - after six months of pregnancy on receiving at least one ante-natal check-up (ANC) and
 - Third instalment of Rs 2000/ - after child birth is registered and the child has received the first cycle of BCG, OPV, DPT and Hepatitis - B, or its equivalent/ substitute.
 - The eligible beneficiaries would receive the incentive given under the Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) for Institutional delivery and the incentive received under JSY would be accounted towards maternity benefits so that on an average a woman gets Rs 6000.
- **Case of Miscarriage/Still Birth :**
 - In case of miscarriage/still birth, the beneficiary would be eligible to claim the remaining instalment(s) in event of any future pregnancy.
 - Thus, after receiving the 1st instalment, if the beneficiary has a miscarriage, she would only be eligible for receiving 2nd and 3rd instalment in event of future pregnancy subject to fulfilment of eligibility criterion and conditionalities of the scheme.
 - Similarly, if the beneficiary has a miscarriage or still birth after receiving 1 st and 2nd instalments, she would only be eligible for receiving 3rd instalment in event of future pregnancy subject to fulfilment of eligibility criterion and conditionalities of the scheme.
 - **Case of Infant Mortality:** In case of infant mortality, she will not be eligible for claiming benefits under the scheme, if she has already received all the instalments of the maternity benefit under PMMVY earlier.
 - Pregnant and Lactating AWWs/ AWHs/ ASHA may also avail the benefits under the PMMVY subject to fulfilment of scheme conditionalities.

3. She-Box (page 11)

- SHe-Box is an **online complaint management system** for registering complaints related to sexual harassment at workplace.
- **Any woman working in any office of Central Government / State Government / Private organisation** can file complaint related to sexual harassment at workplace through this SHe-Box.

4. Integrated Child Development Service (ICDS) (page 12)

- **Objectives:**
 - To improve the **nutritional and health status of children** in the age-group 0-6 years;
 - To lay the foundation for proper **psychological, physical and social development** of the child;
 - To **reduce the incidence of mortality, morbidity, malnutrition and school dropout;**
 - To achieve effective co-ordination of policy and implementation amongst the various departments to promote child development; and
 - To **enhance the capability of the mother** to look after the normal health and nutritional needs of the child through proper nutrition and health education.
- **Beneficiaries:**
 - Children in the age group of 0-6 years
 - Pregnant women and
 - Lactating mothers

- **The ICDS Scheme offers a package of six services, viz.**
 - Supplementary Nutrition
 - Pre-school non-formal education
 - Nutrition & health education
 - Immunization
 - Health check-up and
 - Referral services
- Immunization, health check-up and referral services are provided through National Health Mission and Public Health Infrastructure at Anganwadi Centres.

5. National Nutrition Mission (NNM) (page 14)

- NNM targets to reduce stunting, under-nutrition, anemia (*among young children, women and adolescent girls*) and reduce low birth weight by 2%, 2%, 3% and 2% per annum respectively.
- Although the target to reduce Stunting is at least 2% p.a., Mission would strive to achieve reduction in Stunting from 38.4% (NFHS-4) to 25% by 2022 (*Mission 25 by 2022*).
- All the States and districts will be covered in a phased manner.
- Involving masses through *Jan Andolan* for their participation on nutrition through various activities.

6. Rashtriya Yuva Sashaktikaran Karyakram (RYSK) (page 17)

- National Service Scheme (NSS) is not part of Rashtriya Yuva Sashaktikaran Karyakram.

7. Ministry of Urban Development (page 18)

- **Update** - Government had merged the urban development and housing and urban poverty alleviation ministries. It is now known as the **Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs (MoHUA)**.

8. LaQshya – Labour Room Quality Improvement Initiative (page 25)

- The Program aims at implementing 'fast-track' interventions for achieving tangible results within 18 months.
- A multi-pronged strategy has been adopted such as improving infrastructure up-gradation, ensuring availability of essential equipment, providing adequate human resources, capacity building of health care workers and improving quality processes in the labour room.
- The Quality Improvement in labour room and maternity OT will be assessed **through NQAS (National Quality Assurance Standards)**.
- Every facility achieving 70% score on NQAS will be certified as **LaQshya certified facility**.
- Facilities scoring more than 90%, 80% and 70% will be given Platinum, Gold and Silver badge accordingly.
- Facilities achieving NQAS certification, defined quality indicators and 80% satisfied beneficiaries will be provided incentive of Rs 6 lakh, Rs 3 lakh and Rs 2 lakh for Medical College Hospital, District Hospital and FRUs respectively.

9. Swachh Swasth Sarvatra initiative (page 27)

- It is joint initiative of **Ministry of Health and Family Welfare and Ministry of Drinking Water and Sanitation**. Ministry of Human Resource Development is not included.

10. Pradhan Mantri Sahaj Bijli Har Ghar Yojana (SAUBHAGYA) (page 33)

- Under the scheme, government will provide **free electricity connection to all households** identified under Socio-Economic and Caste Census (SECC) data 2011, while others will be charged 500 Rs.

11. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (Urban) (page 39)

- **Beneficiaries include Economically weaker section (EWS), low-income groups (LIGs) and Middle Income Groups (MIGs).** Poor people (BPL) is not included.

12. Swachh Bharat Mission (page 65)

- **Update** - Eight states and two Union Territories. i.e., Sikkim, Himachal Pradesh, Kerala, Haryana, Uttarakhand, Chhattisgarh, Arunachal Pradesh, Gujarat, Daman & Diu and Chandigarh have been declared as ODF completely. **(Economic Survey - 2017-18)**

13. Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (page 68)

- **Update** - The Cabinet Committee on Economic Affairs, has approved to enhance of the target of Pradhan Mantri Ujjwala Yojana (PMUY) from five crore to eight crore with an additional allocation of Rs. 4,800 crore.

14. 'Prasad' scheme (page 75)

- **Update** - In addition to the twelve cities mentioned, During 2015-16, Patna (Bihar) and in 2016-17, 12 more sites were added namely Ayodhya (Uttar Pradesh), Badrinath (Uttarakhand), Belur (West Bengal), Deoghar (Jharkhand), Guruvayur (Kerala), Hazratbal and Katra (Jammu & Kashmir), Omkareshwar (Madhya Pradesh), Somnath (Gujarat), Srisailem and Tirupati (Andhra Pradesh), Trimbakeshwar (Maharashtra).

International Relations

1. World Petroleum Congress (page 38)

- World Petroleum Council conducts the **triennial World Petroleum Congress**. It is not tri-annual.

2. Nathu La (page 74)

- There are 5 **Border Personnel Meeting points**:
 - **Chushul** in Ladakh, Jammu and Kashmir,
 - **Daulat Beg Oldi** in Ladakh, Jammu and Kashmir,
 - **Nathu La** in Sikkim,
 - **Bum La Pass** in Tawang district of Arunachal Pradesh,
 - **Kibithu** in Arunachal Pradesh,
 - **The Lipulekh Pass** in Uttarakhand is proposed.

Updated Module – Part 1

1. CriSidEx (page 12)

- CriSidEx , India's first MSE sentiment index for **micro and small enterprises (MSEs)**.